

TAREA 5. DERIVADAS CON FÓRMULAS

$$1) \frac{d}{dx} (6x^3 - 2x^4 + 7x^5)$$

$$2) \frac{d}{dx} \left(\frac{1}{5}x^5 - \frac{3x^4}{2} + 9 \right)$$

$$3) \frac{d}{dx} \left(\frac{2}{3x} + \frac{4}{x^2} \right)$$

$$4) \text{simplify} \left(\frac{d}{dx} (x^3(4x^2 - 6x)) \right)$$

$$5) \text{simplify} \left(\frac{d}{dx} \left(\frac{4x^3 - 6x^6}{2x^3} \right) \right)$$

$$6) \text{simplify} \left(\frac{d}{dx} ((9 + 4x)(9 - 4x)) \right)$$

$$7) \text{simplify} \left(\frac{d}{dx} \left(\frac{x^6 - 4x^2 - 3}{6} \right) \right)$$

$$8) \text{simplify} \left(\frac{d}{dx} ((x^2 - 1)^2) \right)$$

$$9) \text{simplify} \left(\frac{d}{dx} \left(\frac{10}{x^2 + 1} \right) \right)$$

$$10) \frac{d}{dx} (\sin(x) \cos(x))$$

$$11) \frac{d}{dx} \left(\frac{2 + \sec(x)}{x} \right)$$

$$12) \frac{d}{dx} ((4x^2 - 3x)^{10})$$

$$13) \text{simplify} \left(\frac{d}{dx} (x(x-1)^{-3}) \right)$$

$$14) \frac{d}{dx} ((1 + \cos(x))^2)$$

$$15) \frac{d}{dx} (\sin((4x)^4))$$

$$16) \frac{d}{dx} (\sin^4(4x))$$

$$17) \frac{d}{dx} \left(\sec\left(\frac{1}{x}\right) \right)$$

$$18) \frac{d}{dx} (\sin(5x) - 10\cos(2x))$$

$$19) \frac{d}{dx} \left(\frac{\sin(5x)}{\cos(6x)} \right)$$

$$20) \frac{d}{dx} (\cos(2x^2) \cos(3x))$$

$$21) \frac{d}{dx} \sqrt{\cos(\sin(x))}$$

$$22) \frac{d}{dx} (e^{\cos(x^2)})$$

$$23) \frac{d}{dx} (2^{\cos^2(x)})$$

$$24) \frac{d}{dx} (\ln(5x^2 + 5x))$$

$$25) \frac{d}{dx} (\ln(\sqrt{x \cos(x)}))$$

$$26) \frac{d}{dx} (\arctan(x^2))$$

$$27) \frac{d}{dx} (\arcsin(e^x))$$

$$28) \frac{d}{dx} (\arcsin(\ln(\cos(2x))))$$

$$29) \frac{d}{dx} (\ln(\arctan(x)))$$

$$30) \frac{d}{dx} \tan(\arctan(x))$$

Respuestas

$$18x^2 - 8x^3 + 35x^4$$

$$x^4 - 6x^3$$

$$-\frac{2}{3x^2} - \frac{8}{x^3}$$

$$20x^4 - 24x^3$$

$$-9x^2$$

$$-32x$$

$$x^5 - \frac{4}{3}x$$

$$4(x^2 - 1)x$$

$$-\frac{20x}{(x^2 + 1)^2}$$

$$\cos(x)^2 - \sin(x)^2$$

$$\frac{\sec(x) \tan(x)}{x} - \frac{2 + \sec(x)}{x^2}$$

$$10(4x^2 - 3x)^9(8x - 3)$$

$$-\frac{2x + 1}{(x - 1)^4}$$

$$-2(1 + \cos(x)) \sin(x)$$

$$1024 \cos(256x^4) x^3$$

$$16 \sin(4x)^3 \cos(4x)$$

$$-\frac{\sec\left(\frac{1}{x}\right) \tan\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)}{x^2}$$

$$5 \cos(5x) + 20 \sin(2x)$$

$$\frac{5 \cos(5x)}{\cos(6x)} + \frac{6 \sin(5x) \sin(6x)}{\cos(6x)^2}$$

$$-4 \sin(2x^2) x \cos(3x) - 3 \cos(2x^2) \sin(3x)$$

$$-\frac{1}{2} \frac{\sin(\sin(x)) \cos(x)}{\sqrt{\cos(\sin(x))}}$$

$$-2 \sin(x^2) x e^{\cos(x^2)}$$

$$-2 \cdot 2^{\cos(x)^2} \cos(x) \sin(x) \ln(2)$$

$$\frac{10x + 5}{5x^2 + 5x}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \frac{\cos(x) - x \sin(x)}{x \cos(x)}$$

$$\frac{2x}{1 + x^4}$$

$$\frac{e^x}{\sqrt{1 - (e^x)^2}}$$

$$-\frac{2 \sin(2x)}{\cos(2x) \sqrt{1 - \ln(\cos(2x))^2}}$$

$$\frac{1}{(1 + x^2) \arctan(x)}$$